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- (iii) The facility must base resident selection on the charge nurse's assessment and the resident's latest assessment and plan of care.
- (i) Sanitary conditions. The facility must—
- (1) Procure food from sources approved or considered satisfactory by Federal, State, or local authorities;
- (2) Store, prepare, distribute, and serve food under sanitary conditions; and
- (3) Dispose of garbage and refuse properly.

[56 FR 48874, Sept. 26, 1991, as amended at 68 FR 55539, Sept. 26, 2003]

§ 483.40 Physician services.

A physician must personally approve in writing a recommendation that an individual be admitted to a facility. Each resident must remain under the care of a physician.

- (a) Physician supervision. The facility must ensure that—
- (1) The medical care of each resident is supervised by a physician; and
- (2) Another physician supervises the medical care of residents when their attending physician is unavailable.
- (b) $Physician \ visits.$ The physician must—
- (1) Review the resident's total program of care, including medications and treatments, at each visit required by paragraph (c) of this section;
- (2) Write, sign, and date progress notes at each visit; and
- (3) Sign and date all orders with the exception of influenza and pneumococcal polysaccharide vaccines, which may be administered per physician-approved facility policy after an assessment for contraindications.
- (c) Frequency of physician visits. (1) The resident must be seen by a physician at least once every 30 days for the first 90 days after admission, and at least once every 60 days thereafter.
- (2) A physician visit is considered timely if it occurs not later than 10 days after the date the visit was required.
- (3) Except as provided in paragraphs (c)(4) and (f) of this section, all required physician visits must be made by the physician personally.
- (4) At the option of the physician, required visits in SNFs after the initial

visit may alternate between personal visits by the physician and visits by a physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist in accordance with paragraph (e) of this section.

- (d) Availability of physicians for emergency care. The facility must provide or arrange for the provision of physician services 24 hours a day, in case of an emergency.
- (e) Physician delegation of tasks in SNFs. (1) Except as specified in paragraph (e)(2) of this section, a physician may delegate tasks to a physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist who—
- (i) Meets the applicable definition in §491.2 of this chapter or, in the case of a clinical nurse specialist, is licensed as such by the State:
- (ii) Is acting within the scope of practice as defined by State law; and
- (iii) Is under the supervision of the physician.
- (2) A physician may not delegate a task when the regulations specify that the physician must perform it personally, or when the delegation is prohibited under State law or by the facility's own policies.
- (f) Performance of physician tasks in NFs. At the option of the State, any required physician task in a NF (including tasks which the regulations specify must be performed personally by the physician) may also be satisfied when performed by a nurse practitioner, clinical nurse specialist, or physician assistant who is not an employee of the facility but who is working in collaboration with a physician.

 $[56~{\rm FR}~48875,~{\rm Sept.}~26,~1991,~{\rm as~amended}~{\rm at}~67~{\rm FR}~61814,~{\rm Oct.}~2,~2002]$

§ 483.45 Specialized rehabilitative

- (a) Provision of services. If specialized rehabilitative services such as but not limited to physical therapy, speechlanguage pathology, occupational therapy, and mental health rehabilitative services for mental illness and intellectual disability, are required in the resident's comprehensive plan of care, the facility must—
- (1) Provide the required services; or
- (2) Obtain the required services from an outside resource (in accordance with